

# The Hartford Republican

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

Subscription \$1 per Year

VOL. XXX.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1917.

No. 14

## ENGLAND LAYS STRICT EMBARGO

GERMANY'S POWER EXPECTED  
TO BE BROKEN BY BAN ON  
SHIPPING.

## NEUTRALS MAY SUFFER

Move Regarded As Most Important—  
England And United States  
Holding Whiphand.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Great Britain's new embargo on shipments of practically everything to Sweden, Norway, Denmark and the Netherlands is regarded here as a most important move in tightening the cordon which slowly but surely is killing the military power of Germany.

Coming close on the export embargo of the United States, which is being administered to keep from the European neutrals everything that might supply the Central Powers. Great Britain's action is regarded as one of the most important of the war.

As the British embargo excludes everything except printed matter, about the only thing that will be permitted to go to the German people by way of the neutrals will be expressions of world opinion that they should reorganize their system of government to do away with the military autocracy.

In a figurative sense, Great Britain holds one end of the rope and the United States holds the other. Gradually but surely as it is being drawn taut the military power of Germany is being strangled because the embargo cuts off the supplies she has been receiving through the adjacent neutrals.

### Denounces Trade Agreements.

Great Britain's embargo also is regarded by Government officials here as denouncing trade agreements entered into since the beginning of the war, preparatory to identic action. Such a step had been expected.

It was not believed there is any intention to cut off absolutely trade between those neutrals and the Allied Governments, but that the surprising of the agreements under which exchanges of commodities have been made will be amended in order that they may conform to conditions slowly changed during the war and which have been radically altered by the entrance of the United States.

It was pointed out that radical revision of the old trade agreements had become absolutely necessary and that the expenditure of the lives of thousands of men and billions of dollars while the enemy was being provisioned through neutral channels was obviously a condition that could not be countenanced.

### Neutrals Cut Off.

London, Oct. 3.—The Gazette prints a proclamation prohibiting the exportation to Sweden, Norway, Denmark and The Netherlands of all articles except printed matter and personal effects accompanied by their owners.

Although heretofore exports to Holland and Scandinavia have been under strict supervision by the British authorities, the new proclamation means that these countries now will suffer more poignantly than ever for the necessities of which they have been short since the American embargo went into effect.

The new order undoubtedly is the result of the exportation from the countries under the ban into Germany of various articles, including foodstuffs needed by the enemy in the prosecution of the war. The proclamation is the most sweeping as regards neutral countries that has been issued since the commencement of the war.

### Proclamation Puzzling.

London, Oct. 3.—Last night's proclamation in the Official Gazette prohibiting the exportation to Holland and Scandinavian countries of all articles except printed matter and personal effects has caused the greatest puzzlement in newspaper offices here.

Owing to existing agreements for the exchange of commodities with those countries, none can believe that the proclamation means what it apparently says. Some interpret its

meaning to be that nothing shall be exported except under license.

The English newspapers recently have been criticising officialdom for issuing statements in such complicated form that they are not understandable. The Times admits it is unable to interpret the meaning of this proclamation.

### COALITION RULE IS FAVORED FOR RUSSIA

Petrograd, Oct. 3.—The Democratic Congress, by a vote of 766 against 668, to-day declared in favor of a coalition government.

Having declared itself in favor of a coalition government the Democratic Congress voted that the following amendment be made to the resolution:

"First—Against inclusion in the coalition of the Bourgeoisie element, particularly of persons concerned in the Gen. Korniloff revolutionary movement.

"Second—Against coalition with the entire Constitutional Democratic party."

The demand for improved economic conditions recently made by the employees of the principal Russian railways not having been satisfied, the men to-day announced their intention of stopping work to-morrow.

It was officially announced to-day by the Provisional Government that the revolt which broke out on Saturday at Tambor, 300 miles southeast of Moscow, has been suppressed.

The Democratic Congress was called at the instance of the Petrograd Soldiers and Workmen's Council, in which the Extremists had gained predominance, and the expressed expectations of the Bolsheviks were that this body, as representative of the proletariat of all Russia, would set up a government in which representatives of the property classes would be excluded.

Premier Kerensky, while not recognizing the Congress as a truly representative body, appeared before it and made a declaration of policy defending the Provisional Government's course and virtually throwing a challenge to the Radicals.

### The New Tax Bill.

The war tax bill, after months of congressional juggling, will come from the mills this week. If there was anything from a pinch to a cupola left untaxed it was an oversight.

Almost half of the huge sum, \$2,700,000, will come from the tax on war profits. Bank checks are exempt, but the writer of a postal card will pay an extra cent for the privilege, and it will cost the newspapers an extra cent to send a dqn to a delinquent subscriber. The provision for taxing tea, sugar and coffee was stricken out of the bill, but chewing gum and jewelry must pay the penalties of war. Income rates are doubled, and this looks like a direct slap at the country newspapers.

Income exemption are lowered to \$1,000 for single men and to \$2,000 for married men. Luckily Tinsley and I are both married men and that will help us a little. Moving pictures and automobiles must contribute their mites toward licking the Kaiser. Joy juice must bear an extra burden of two dollars per gallon and beer \$1.50 per barrel. Even grape juice is taxed, and Billy Bryan's drink bill will come higher.

### MORE RAILWAY MEN TO FRANCE

France has called again for more railway men and engineers from the United States. Accordingly the War Department has authorized the formation of five more railway regiments, making fourteen in all. The first nine regiments are now in active service in France, constructing and operating military roads.

In addition to the five railway regiments, six regiments and smaller units of engineers will be established by voluntary enlistment.

The engineering organization for each army abroad of the United States, will include a "gas and flame service," a mining service, a water supply service, a general construction service, an engineer supply service, a surveying and printing service and an army pontoon park.

### GENERALS VOLUNTEERING

Tientsin, China, Oct. 6.—From various parts of China the Generals are offering to proceed to the European front with their entire commands, showing thereby an excellent example of patriotism.

## CAMP TAYLOR TO TRAIN OFFICERS

STUDENTS FROM KY. WILL GO  
TO LOUISVILLE INSTEAD  
OF INDIANAPOLIS.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Within less than three minutes today the Senate adopted the conference report on the War Urgent Deficiency, Appropriation Bill, carrying \$7,757,434.410 in cash and authorized contracts. Tomorrow the House is expected to adopt it and send it to President Wilson.

The measure is said to be the greatest of the kind in the history of any Government. It emerged this afternoon from conference between the two houses in which items involving over \$785,000,000 had been in dispute, and went through the Senate in record-breaking time without the formality of a roll-call.

The bill carries \$5,355,978,016.93 of direct appropriation and authorizes the Government to enter into contracts for \$2,401,458,393.50 more, almost entirely for war purposes, including the navy's great destroyer program. In conference subsistence of the army for which the House had voted \$175,000,000 and the Senate \$321,000,000, was provided for in a compromise of \$250,000,000. For army transportation, for which the House had voted \$350,000,000 and the Senate \$413,000,000, the conference substituted \$375,000,000. For regular Quartermaster supplies \$125,000,000 was agreed to after the House had voted for \$100,000,000 and the Senate \$163,000,000.

Probably the largest appropriation in the bill is for the Ordnance Department of the army, which gets \$695,100,000 for purchase, manufacture and test of mountain, siege and field cannon and \$225,000,000 more of contract obligations authorized, together with \$663,000,000 of cash and \$777,000,000 of contract obligations authorized for ammunition.

When Chairman Martin, of the Appropriations Committee, called up the conference report late today Senator Robinson asked what had been done with the proposed \$500,000 appropriation for an employment bureau in the Department of Labor. Senator Martin replied that the conference regretfully had felt compelled to cut it to \$250,000. Then the report was adopted.

### RELIEF PLAN FOR MEN WRONGLY DRAFTED

Washington, Sept. 29.—A method of relieving hardships in cases where men who should have been exempted have been ordered to report for military service or have entered camps has been prescribed by Provost Marshal General Crowder.

If a local or district board believes a man has been wrongfully ordered to report for duty it may reopen the case on its own initiative and revoke the former action.

If the man already has entered the service he may be discharged only by order of the army Adjutant General, who will act on recommendations of local or district boards.

Another ruling provides that thousands of aliens who registered for the draft June 5, and who since that date have declared their intentions of becoming citizens are now subject to draft.

## "H" COMPANY NO LONGER EXISTS

LOCAL COMPANY, WITH OTHERS,  
DIVIDED AND PLACED WITH  
OTHER UNITS.

Hattiesburg, Miss., Oct. 2.—Taps has been sounded over the once famous Third Kentucky Infantry and former soldiers of that fighting unit have not yet shaken the spirit of gloom that automatically spread over them all when orders were received that companies, platoons, squads and officers of the Western Kentucky Regiment were to be scattered to all parts of Camp Shelby. From Col. Henry to the most timid private there is the deepest regret that the efficient organization, pronounced ready for foreign service, is no more and that officers and comrades must part. Some Kentucky regiment had to be broken in order to secure officers and men for new organizations that are to be created under the new tables of organization and it fell to the lot of the Third to be the victim. Though the Regiment no longer exists as a unit the esprit de corps remains to watch over the soldiers of the former Third, no matter where they may go hereafter. Already plans have been inaugurated for annual reunions to help keep alive the feeling of brother and comrade.

The Second Battalion, of which Co. H was a unit, suffered most severely of all. The four companies, E, F, G and H are completely disorganized and the men assigned to the 149th Infantry to fill out the latter organization. Capt. Barnett is assigned to the 63rd Depot Brigade and it is understood that his duties will be the training of men. His first sergeant, Sgt. Forrest Hudson, accompanies him and he, with the other three captains of the Second Battalion are at present unassigned to any particular work. First Lieut. Barnett goes to the Headquarters Company of the 149th Infantry, while Lieut. Speck is assigned to Co. G, of the 149th. It was a sad parting when officers and men of Company H assembled for the last time and an intended talk by the company commander Sunday morning soon ended with instructions to the First Sergeant to dismiss the company. The company was making an excellent showing when the "bust-up" came and was the cause of much favorable comment along the route to Mississippi.

Colonel Smith, of the 149th Infantry, is one of the cleanest and most popular officers in the service and expressed great delight when notified that men of the Third were to be assigned to his command. Although it is to be regretted that the home organization could not remain intact relatives of the soldiers will find consolation in the interest Col. Smith is taking in the former members of Company H, and it is told with pride that great efforts were made by company commanders of the 149th to get certain non-commissioned officers assigned to their particular companies. Capt. Barnett is making every effort to get the men placed where they will be best satisfied, and will continue to look after their welfare at every opportunity.

Companies A, B, C and D went to the Depot Brigade while I and K, under Major Berry, are assigned to a machine gun battalion. Company

L is a part of the ammunition train and M was marched to the engineering corps from the depot. Officers of the latter company go to the 149th. Headquarters and Supply companies are broken up and the men assigned to various organizations, most of them to the Depot Brigade.

Camp Shelby is just about the busiest place in these parts. Soldiers are coming in daily and adding to the new city. Hundreds of workmen are assisting the khaki clad men in contributing to the prosperity of Hattiesburg and the little city reminds one of a department store during a clearance sale. There is considerable dispute among the visitors here as to just what particular section is God's country with the Kentucky lads at all times maintaining that it is ridiculous to think it other than the Bluegrass State.

A complete list of assignment of men of Co. H, and their present addresses will be given next week.

### SKY ABLAZE

Clouds and Sun and Rainbows Present Strange Spectacle.

About four o'clock Tuesday afternoon the citizens of Hartford viewed a strange and spectacular meteorological phenomenon. A black cloud, circular in form and about a degree in diameter appeared just above the western horizon. Just behind it, perhaps centrally so, was the true place of the sun, but obeying the law of reflection and refraction two suns appeared at the ends of a pole running parallel with the horizon through the center of the cloud. Around the periphery of the cloud, like the flaming rim of a chariot wheel, circled a rainbow in which all the primary colors shone out with resplendent beauty. At the apex of the circular rainbow rested the base of another rainbow, not less splendid in beauty with the usual crescent form, but with its arch inverted.

People poured out of their homes and offices and gazed with awe and wonder upon the beautiful and unparalleled spectacle. The oldest citizens said they had never witnessed anything like it before.

### Hayti Homicide.

Saturday afternoon about 3 o'clock John Louis Parks, a negro youth about seventeen years old, shot and instantly killed John Morton, also colored.

Morton and his wife had been separated for several months, and it seems Morton has repeatedly approached his wife for the purpose of effecting a reconciliation, but without result. Saturday Morton, said to be under the influence of liquor, went to the house where his wife was living with her brother, and after some parley, the character of which we did not learn, began shooting at his wife, when the brother, who was present, emptied the contents of a shot gun into Morton's body with fatal results. Parks immediately came to town and surrendered to an officer.

Coroner A. B. Riley went to the scene of the killing and held an inquest, which resulted in a verdict of justifiable homicide, by the jury.

Parks was given an examining trial before Judge Wilson Tuesday and was discharged from custody.

John Morton was one of the best negroes about Hartford, and many people, white and black, regret that an unfortunate condition of his domestic affairs resulted in his losing his life. It is believed Morton intended to kill his wife and then himself.

### CAMP TAYLOR LETTER.

The Hartford Republican, Hartford, Ky. Sirs—Well, we all arrived at Camp Taylor in fine shape and all seem to be in good spirits and learning the work fast. We are all in the same company, and are anxiously waiting for the rest of the Ohio county bunch to join us, as the officers say, we will all be in the same company. About thirty of the boys have been examined and all passed but two, who returned to-day to Ohio county, with smiles on their faces, but the rest of us have but little hopes of returning soon. So please send me The Republican to Camp Taylor, instead of Hartford.

R. I.  
O. C. HOCKER,  
Co. K, 336 Infantry,  
Camp Taylor, Ky.

The Fiscal Court met in regular session at the court house yesterday and are grinding out the usual number of road claims, etc.

## 2ND INCREMENT CALLED TO CAMP

FORTY-ONE OHIO COUNTY BOYS  
TO ASSEMBLE HERE THIS  
EVENING.

## TO LEAVE SATURDAY

Will Entrain at 8:45 a. m., For Camp  
Zachary Taylor—Right Alternates  
to Appear.

Ohio county's second increment of forty-one drafted men for the National Army, forming at Camp Zachary Taylor, has been called to mobilize here this afternoon, preparatory to leaving to-morrow morning at 8:45. This company will be routed, as the first, so that they will arrive at their destination before dark Saturday. The good citizens of Simmons have asked that they be permitted to entertain the boys this evening at The New Commercial Hotel, which request has been granted.

There are yet forty-five to be called to complete Ohio county's quota of the new National Army of 687,000, these will likely be called at an early date, as the camp is amply able to care for the men. Following is a list of those called, together with the alternates:

Layton Ross, Centertown, Ky.  
Elbert Hill, Fordsville, Ky., R. 2  
Roscoe Embry, Beaver Dam, Ky.  
James Oscar Durall, Rockport, Ky.  
Arthur B. Shields, Cromwell, Ky.  
Ceel Drapier, Beaver Dam, Ky.  
Walter Watson, McHenry, Ky.  
Ellis Brown, Hartford, Ky., R.—  
Henry Geary, Neafus, Ky.  
Jesse James Colyer, Whitesville, Ky., R.—  
Elton W. Wilson, Olaton, Ky.  
Frank A. Fenn, Dundee, Ky.  
Roscoe Westerfield, Fordsville, Ky.  
Bert Leach, Rosine, Ky.  
Virgil C. Malin, Beaver Dam, Ky.  
Robt. E. Lee Price, Livermore, Ky.  
Orlando Bottom, Centertown, Ky.  
Barclay Shoulders, McHenry, Ky.  
John Elbert Rander, Rockport, Ky.  
Ray Crabtree, Hartford, Ky.  
Alexander Bozarth, Hartford, Ky.  
Earl W. Beasley, Simmons, Ky.  
Archie D. Birch, Horse Branch, Ky.  
Speed Monroe, Rosine, Ky.  
John D. Ham, Rockport, Ky.  
Daniel Leslie Hurt, Olaton, Ky.  
Flijah W. Daniel, Olaton, Ky.  
Lonnle E. Daugherty, Baisetown, Ky.

Lee Patton, Hartford, Ky.  
Robert Lee Ambrose, Hartford, Ky., R. 6.  
Don Gill Maddox, Rockport, Ky.  
Carl Moore Murray, Beaver Dam, Ky.

C. I. Tinsley, Hartford, Ky., R. 5.  
Herman Robinson, Narrows, Ky., R. 1.  
Arvin W. Leisure, Horton, (Rockport), Ky.

Cullen W. Conerly, McHenry, Ky.  
James Earl Park, Beaver Dam, Ky.  
Ellis Johnson, Barretts Ferry, Ky.  
William G. Cobb, Fordsville, Ky.  
Wm. M. Allen, Renfrow, Ky.

Alternates.  
Robert A. Davis, Hartford, Ky.  
Herbert Robinson, Narrows, Ky.  
Tuell Rogers, Beaver Dam, Ky.  
Guy E. McDaniel, Cromwell, Ky.  
John Harrison Keown, Cromwell, Ky.

Carl Sapp, Fordsville, Ky., R. 2.  
Ellis Allen, Hartford, Ky.  
Leonard Ward, McHenry, Ky.

### SIMMONS CITIZENS WILL BANQUET SOLDIERS

The public will justly credit and the soldier boys will gratefully appreciate the generous action of the citizens of Simmons in giving the drafted boys a banquet at the Commercial Hotel here to-night. Covers will be laid for the forty-nine soldiers and a few invited guests. Messrs. M. F. Chumley, Z. T. Tinsley and Guy Ranney have been appointed a committee to have charge of the entertainment.

### On The Safe Side.

"I don't want my paper to stop, nor do I want to go to that awful place, so I am sending in my dollar," writes a good woman from Centertown, who had read our little squib about the end of the world coming.

### The Big American Battle Is On

